Dutton Speedwords Cheat Sheet

80 Most Useful Speedwords						
1.	first		like, similar		how†	
-d	way †	j	I, me	qm	what †	
&	and	ji	my		who†	
a	at, to	jj-	any †	qz	when †	
ab	about		just	r	will	
ai	also	-	that, those	ra	work	
al	all	ko	come	s	he, him	
an	year	kp	there †	sa	know	
b	but	1	the	ser	look, search	
ba	back	m	with	sh	she, her	
by	by	ma	make	shi	her (possessive)	
c	this, these	my	most	1 1	only, alone	
d	of, from	n	not, no	t	it	
da	give	ne	take	te	time	
de	day	nov	new	u	a, an	
des	want, wish	nu	now	u-	some †	
di	say	nux	then	us	use	
e	am, is, are, be	o	on	v	you	
eb	even	ob	get, obtain	vu	see	
erz	people	ot	other	w	we, us	
f	for	ix	out	x	if	
g	they, them	ov	over		was, were, been	
gi	their	p	can, be able to	уp	could	
gu	good, well	po	after	yr	would	
	have, has	pu	think		as, than	
i	in	_	do	zi	because	
ia	into	q-	which †			

The above 80 Speedwords can transcribe approximately 50% of an average English text. The following 11 Speedwords alone transcribe 25%: $\mathbf{l}, \mathbf{e}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{a}, \mathbf{d}, \mathbf{\&}, \mathbf{u}, \mathbf{i}, \mathbf{k}, \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{j}$.

Complete Speedwords Dictionary:	http://goo.gl/B1wNPF
Speedwords Correlatives:	http://goo.gl/mIMByI
Soren's Introduction to SW:	http://goo.gl/jqVq3J

	Correlatives †					
q-	what/which	- p	place			
c-	this	-m	thing			
u-	some	-d	way			
j-	every	-k	kind			
n-	no	-y	reason			
jj-	any	- z	time			
k-	that	-r	one, person			
		-t	amount			

Important Affixes						
-z	plural	$er\mathbf{z} = people$				
-X	opposite *	nux = then				
-0	opposite *					
-i	association ‡	si = his				
me-	comparative	\mathbf{me} nov = $newer$				
my-	superlative	$\mathbf{m}\mathbf{y}$ gu = $best$				
y -	past tense	yus = used				
u-	continuous	\mathbf{u} ne = $takina$				

- * -x is used after vowels, -o after consonants.
- † Different form than standard Speedwords; see second link.
- ‡ Also used for possessive pronouns, as seen in the example.

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